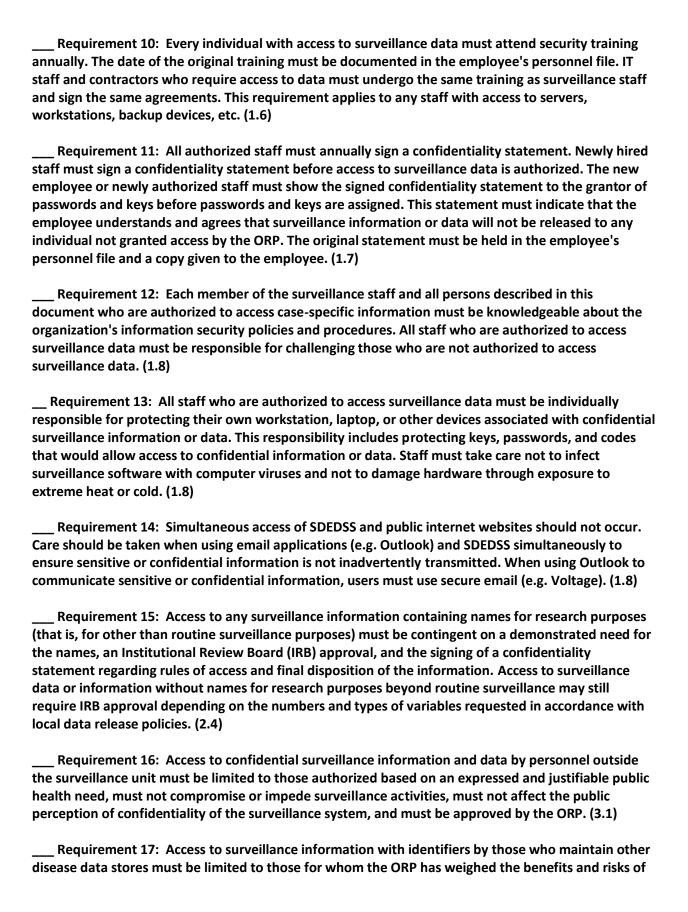


APPENDIX O – SDDOH SECURITY AND CONFIDENTIALITY PROGRAM REQUIREMENT CHECKLIST

Person completing form (ple	ease print)	
Title:	Date	e:
Sign your name:		
Program Area/Job Title		
Requirements (Initial items	as completed)	
Requirement 1: Policie	s must be in writing. (1.0)	
	icies must be readily accessible by a data at the central level and, if app	ny staff having access to confidential licable, at noncentral sites. (1.1)
Requirement 3: A po		is the Overall Responsible Party (ORP)
	pliance with CDC's cooperative agregram requirements are met. (1.2)	eement requirement, the ORP must
specific information and, fo	-	ns who are authorized to access what e unit, what standard procedures or ary. (1.3)
:	in the policy should be a requireme	view of security practices for HIV/AIDS ont for an ongoing review of evolving
'	ff who are authorized to access surv y breaches. Training of nonsurveilla	veillance data must be responsible for ance staff must also include this
Requirement 8: A brea and implement remedies. (diately investigated to assess causes
individuals (breach of confi Reporting, Analysis, and Ev NCHSTP, CDC. CDC may be	dentiality) should be reported immediation Team, HIV Incidence and Cable to assist the surveillance unit disel, surveillance staff should determent.	ase Surveillance Branch, DHAP, lealing with the breach. In consultation







allowing access and can certify that the level of security established is equivalent to the standards described in this document. (3.3) Requirement 18: Access to surveillance information or data for nonpublic health purposes, such as litigation, discovery, or court order, must be granted only to the extent required by law. (3.4) Requirement 19: Access to and uses of surveillance information or data must be defined in a data release policy. (3.8) Requirement 20: A policy must incorporate provisions to protect against public access to raw data or data tables that include small denominator populations that could be indirectly identifying. (3.8)Requirement 21: All physical locations containing electronic or paper copies of surveillance data must be enclosed inside a locked, secured area with limited access. Workspace for individuals with access to surveillance information must also be within a secure locked area. Paper copies of surveillance information containing identifying information must be housed inside locked filed cabinets that are inside a locked room (4.1) Accessing SDEDSS during business travel, users must use the secure Citrix Requirement 22: Application, be in a private secure room while working in SDEDSS. Users must log off SDEDSS and Citrix or lock the computer, when not present in the room. (4.1) Requirement 23: Surveillance information with personal identifiers must not be taken to private residences unless specific documented permission is received from the ORP. (4.1) Requirement 24: Prior approval must be obtained from the ORP when planned business travel precludes the return of surveillance information with personal identifiers to the secured area by the close of business on the same day. (4.1) Requirement 25: Each member of the surveillance staff must shred documents containing confidential information before disposing of them. Shredders should be of commercial quality with a crosscutting feature. (4.2) Requirement 26: A policy must outline procedures for handling incoming mail to and outgoing mail from the surveillance unit. The amount and sensitivity of information contained in any one piece of mail must be kept to a minimum. (4.3) Requirement 27: Rooms containing surveillance data must not be easily accessible by window. (4.3)Requirement 28: Access to any secured areas that either contain surveillance data or can be used to access surveillance data by unauthorized individuals can only be granted during times when authorized surveillance or IT personnel are available for escort or under conditions where the data are protected by security measures specified in a written policy and approved by the ORP. (4.4) Requirement 29: When identifying information is taken from secured areas and included on line lists or supporting notes, in either electronic or hard copy format, these documents must contain only



be coded to disguise any information that could easily be associated with HIV(900), AIDS(950), Syphilis(700), GC (300) and Chlamydia (200). (4.5) Requirement 30: Surveillance information must have personal identifiers removed (an analysis dataset) if taken out of the secured area or accessed from an unsecured area. (4.5) Requirement 31: An analysis dataset must be held securely by using protective software (i.e., software that controls the storage, removal, and use of the data). (5.1) Requirement 32: Data transfers and methods for data collection must be approved by the ORP and incorporate the use of access controls. Confidential surveillance data or information must be encrypted before electronic transfer. Ancillary databases or other electronic files used by surveillance also need to be encrypted when not in use. (5.2) Requirement 33: When case-specific information is electronically transmitted, any transmission that does not incorporate the use of an encryption package meeting the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) encryption standards and approved by the ORP must not contain identifying information or use terms easily associated with HIV/AIDS. The terms HIV or AIDS, or specific behavioral information must not appear anywhere in the context of the communication, including the sender and/or recipient address and label. (5.3) Requirement 34: Laptops, tablets and other portable devices that receive or store surveillance information with personal identifiers must incorporate the use of encryption software. Surveillance information with identifiers must be encrypted and stored on an external storage device or on the laptop's removable hard drive. The external storage device or hard drive containing the data must be separated from the laptop and held securely when not in use. The decryption key must not be on the laptop. Other portable devices without removable or external storage components must employ the use of encryption software that meets federal standards. (5.4) Requirement 35: information Acceptable methods of sanitizing diskettes and other storage devices that previously contained sensitive data include overwriting or degaussing before reuse. If the machine is coming through surplus, it will be wiped/sanitized. If the machine is not coming through surplus and needs to be wiped, make request through the Help Desk asking that a 3-pass wipe of the hard drive be performed. (5.5)

the minimum amount of information necessary for completing a given task and, where possible, must