

Health Insurance

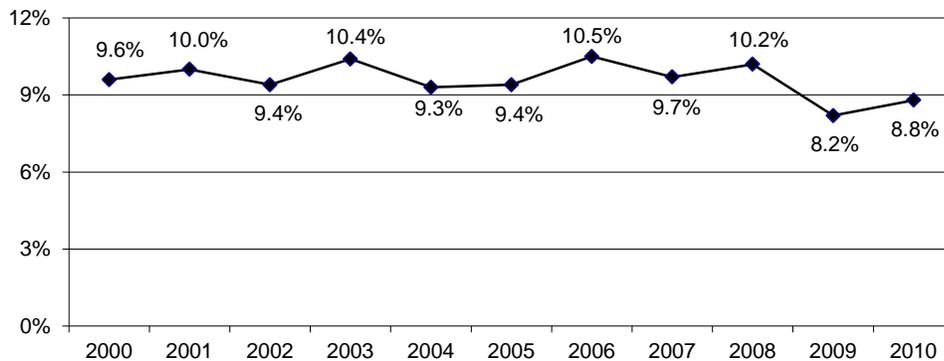
HEALTH INSURANCE (ADULT)

Definition: Respondents, ages 18-64, who do not have health insurance, prepaid plans such as health maintenance organizations (HMOs), or government plans such as Medicare or Indian Health Service.

Prevalence of No Health Insurance

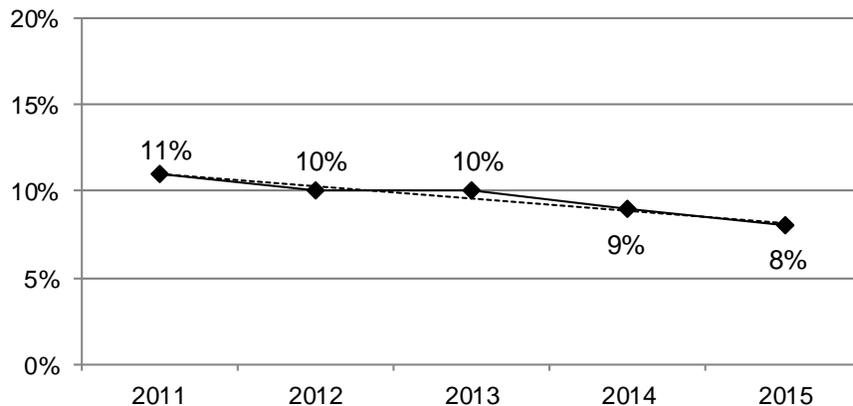
- South Dakota 8%
- There is no nationwide median for no health insurance

Figure 32
Percent of Respondents, Ages 18-64, Who Do Not Have Health Insurance, 2000-2010



Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2000-2010

Figure 33
Percent of Respondents, Ages 18-64, Who Do Not Have Health Insurance, 2011-2015



Note: Beginning in 2011, the CDC began using a different methodology to weight the data; therefore, data prior to 2011 cannot be compared to data since 2011.

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2011-2015

Table 23
Respondents, Ages 18-64, Who Do Not Have Health Insurance, 2011-2015

		2011-2015	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total		9%	11%	10%	10%	9%	8%
Gender	Male	10%	10%	12%	11%	11%	8%
	Female	9%	12%	8%	9%	8%	7%
Age	18-24	12%	*	*	*	*	*
	25-34	14%	*	*	*	*	*
	35-44	9%	*	*	*	*	*
	45-54	7%	*	*	*	*	*
	55-64	6%	6%	9%	*	*	*
	65-74	-	-	-	-	-	-
	75+	-	-	-	-	-	-
Race	White	9%	10%	11%	9%	8%	7%
	American Indian	3%	*	*	*	*	*
Ethnicity	Hispanic	21%	*	*	*	*	*
	Non-Hispanic	9%	10%	10%	9%	9%	7%
Household Income	Less than \$25,000	21%	*	*	*	*	*
	\$25,000-\$49,999	11%	*	*	*	*	*
	\$50,000+	3%	3%	3%	2%	2%	2%
Education	Less than High School, G.E.D.	19%	*	*	*	*	*
	High School, G.E.D.	13%	*	*	*	*	*
	Some Post-High School	8%	*	9%	*	*	*
	College Graduate	4%	3%	4%	*	4%	*
Employment Status	Employed for Wages	8%	9%	8%	8%	8%	7%
	Self-employed	13%	*	*	*	*	*
	Unemployed	27%	*	*	*	*	*
	Homemaker	12%	*	*	*	*	*
	Student	7%	*	*	*	*	*
	Retired	4%	*	*	*	*	*
	Unable to Work	8%	*	*	*	*	*
Marital Status	Married/Unmarried Couple	6%	7%	7%	6%	6%	5%
	Divorced/Separated	14%	*	*	*	*	*
	Widowed	10%	*	*	*	*	*
	Never Married	15%	*	*	*	*	*
Home Ownership Status	Own Home	6%	7%	7%	6%	6%	5%
	Rent Home	17%	*	*	*	*	*
Children Status	Children in Household (Ages 18-44)	10%	*	*	*	*	*
	No Children in Household (Ages 18-44)	15%	*	*	*	*	*
Phone Status	Landline	8%	11%	8%	6%	6%	5%
	Cell Phone	11%	-	13%	13%	11%	9%
Pregnancy Status	Pregnant (Ages 18-44)	3%	*	*	*	*	*
	Not Pregnant (Ages 18-44)	11%	*	*	*	*	*
County	Minnehaha	10%	*	*	*	*	*
	Pennington	13%	*	*	*	*	*
	Lincoln	7%	*	*	*	*	*
	Brown	8%	*	*	*	*	*
	Brookings	5%	*	*	*	*	*
	Codington	12%	*	*	*	*	*
	Meade	15%	*	*	*	*	*
	Lawrence	15%	*	*	*	*	*

Note: *Results based on small sample sizes have been suppressed.

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2011-2015

As shown in Table 24 below, employer based coverage was the most common type of health insurance reported by respondents for the past five years. The second most common was private plan.

Table 24 Type of Health Insurance, Ages 18-64, 2011-2015					
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Number of Respondents	4,332	5,147	4,216	4,387	4,043
Type of Health Insurance					
Employer Based Coverage	57%	59%	59%	59%	60%
Private Plan	12%	11%	12%	13%	13%
Medicaid or Medical Assistance	4%	4%	5%	4%	6%
The Indian Health Service	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Military, CHAMPUS, TriCare, or VA	6%	5%	5%	4%	5%
Medicare	4%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Some Other Source	2%	2%	1%	2%	2%
None	11%	10%	10%	9%	8%

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2011-2015

Table 25, below, displays how long it has been since the respondents had a routine checkup and whether the respondent had health insurance. The majority of insured respondents, 67 percent, stated they had a routine checkup within the past year.

When comparing insured respondents to uninsured respondents, 67 percent of respondents who had health insurance had a routine checkup within the past year while only 32 percent of respondents without health insurance had a routine checkup within the past year.

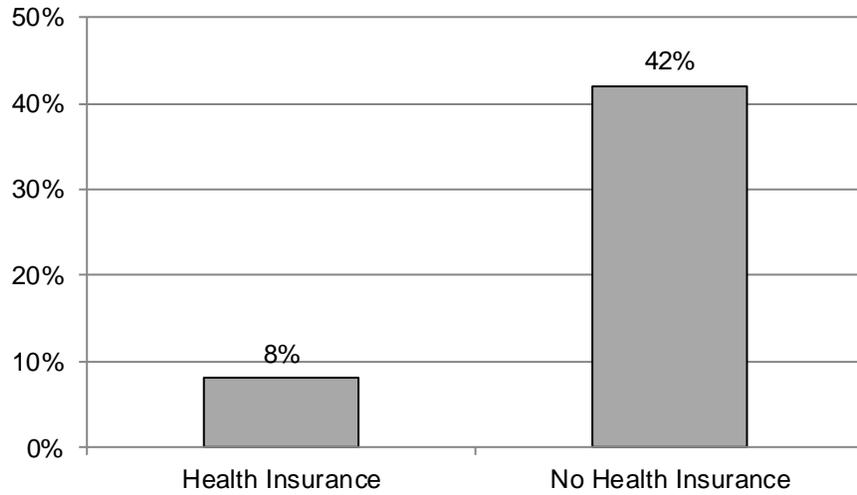
The percent of uninsured respondents who stated that they had a routine checkup five or more years ago was 31 percent while only 10 percent of those respondents with health insurance had a routine checkup five or more years ago.

Table 25 How Long Since Respondent Last Visited a Doctor for a Routine Checkup, 2011-2015		
	Health Insurance	No Health Insurance
Number of Respondents	20,329	1,548
Within the past year	67%	32%
Within the past 2 years	13%	18%
Within the past 5 years	8%	15%
5 or more years ago	10%	31%
Never	2%	4%

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota of Department Health, 2011-2015

Figure 34, below, shows the percent of respondents, ages 18-64, who were asked if there was a time in the past 12 months when they needed to see a doctor but could not because of the cost. Forty-two percent of respondents without health insurance answered yes.

Figure 34
Percent of Respondents, Ages 18-64, Who Needed to See a Doctor But Could Not Because of the Cost, 2011-2015



Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2011-2015

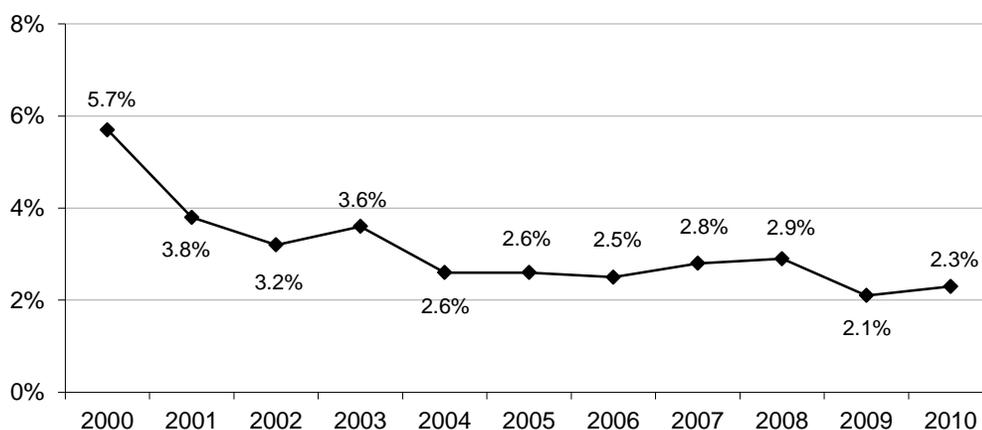
CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE

Definition: Children, ages 0-17, who do not have health insurance, prepaid plans such as health maintenance organizations (HMOs), or government plans such as Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), or Indian Health Service (IHS).

Prevalence of No Health Insurance

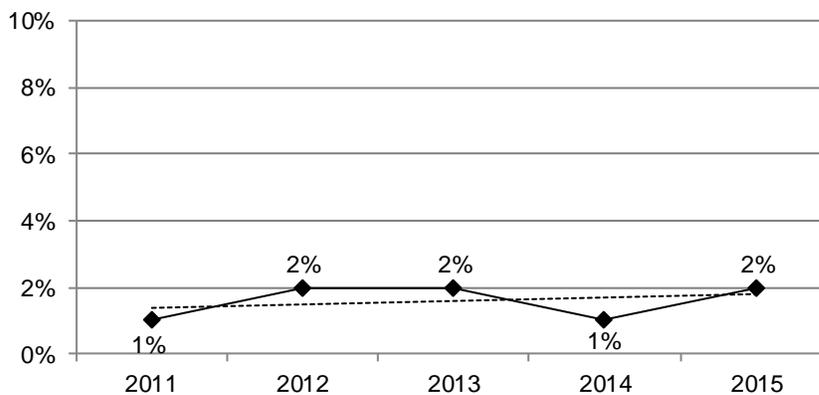
- South Dakota 2%
- There is no nationwide median for no children's health insurance

Figure 35
Percent of Children, Ages 0-17, Who Do Not Have Health Insurance, 2000-2010



Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2000-2010

Figure 36
Percent of Children, Ages 0-17, Who Do Not Have Health Insurance, 2011-2015



Note: Beginning in 2011, the CDC began using a different methodology to weight the data; therefore, data prior to 2011 cannot be compared to data since 2011.

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2011-2015

Table 26							
Respondents' Children, Ages 0-17, Who Do Not Have Health Insurance, 2011-2015							
		2011-2015	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total		2%	1%	2%	2%	1%	2%
Gender	Male	1%	*	*	*	*	*
	Female	2%	*	*	*	*	*
Age	0-9	1%	*	*	*	*	*
	10-17	2%	*	*	*	*	*
Race	White	2%	*	2%	*	*	*
	American Indian	0.2%	*	*	*	*	*
Ethnicity	Hispanic	1%	*	*	*	*	*
	Non-Hispanic	2%	1%	2%	2%	1%	2%
Household Income	Less than \$75,000	2%	*	*	*	*	*
	\$75,000+	1%	*	*	*	*	*
Home Ownership Status	Own home	2%	*	*	*	*	*
	Rent home	2%	*	*	*	*	*
Phone Status	Landline	2%	1%	*	*	*	*
	Cell phone	2%	-	*	*	*	*
County	Minnehaha	1%	*	*	*	*	*
	Pennington	2%	*	*	*	*	*
	Lincoln	0.2%	*	*	*	*	*
	Brown	1%	*	*	*	*	*
	Brookings	0.4%	*	*	*	*	*
	Codington	1%	*	*	*	*	*
	Meade	3%	*	*	*	*	*
	Lawrence	5%	*	*	*	*	*

Note: *Results based on small sample sizes have been suppressed.

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2011-2015

Table 27, below, shows the different types of health coverage for children, ages 0-17. The main type of health care coverage for the past five years was employer based coverage. Medicaid, CHIP, or medical assistance coverage was the second most common type of health coverage.

Table 27					
Different Types of Health Coverage for Respondents' Children, Ages 17 and Under, 2011-2015					
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Number of Respondents	1,718	2,056	1,679	1,814	1,621
Type of Coverage					
Employer Based Coverage	57%	57%	53%	56%	54%
Medicaid, CHIP, or Medical Assistance	23%	23%	25%	22%	26%
Private Plan	11%	9%	11%	12%	11%
The Indian Health Service	4%	3%	3%	4%	3%
The Military, CHAMPUS, TriCare, or VA	3%	3%	3%	4%	2%
Medicare	1%	1%	2%	0.3%	1%
Some Other Source	0.3%	1%	1%	1%	0.4%
None	1%	2%	2%	1%	2%

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2011-2015