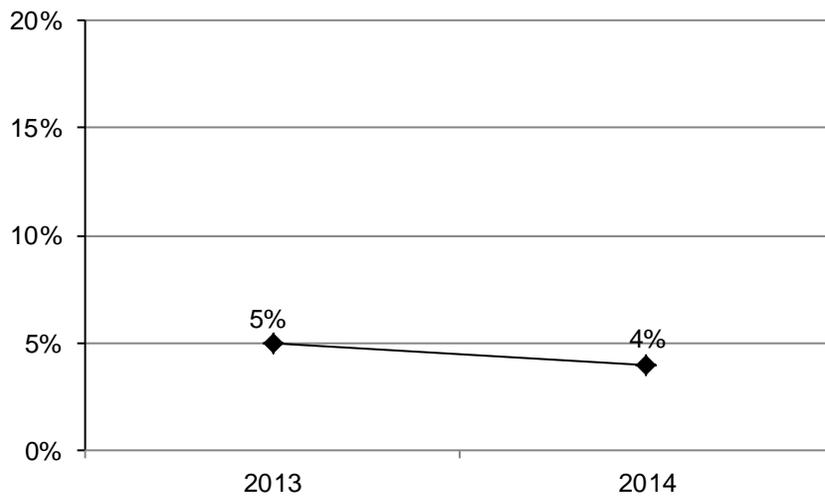

Confusion/Memory Loss

Definition: Respondents that report they have experienced recent increased confusion or memory loss.

Prevalence of Increased Confusion/Memory Loss

- South Dakota 4%

Figure 108
Percent of Respondents Who Have Experienced Increased Confusion or Memory Loss, 2013-2014



Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2013-2014

Table 55				
Respondents Who Have Experienced Increased Confusion or Memory Loss, 2013-2014				
		2013-2014	2013	2014
Total		4%	5%	4%
Gender	Male	4%	5%	4%
	Female	4%	4%	4%
Age	18-24	3%	*	*
	25-34	4%	*	*
	35-44	3%	*	*
	45-54	5%	*	*
	55-64	4%	*	*
	65-74	4%	*	*
	75+	6%	*	*
Race	White	4%	4%	3%
	American Indian	7%	*	*
Ethnicity	Hispanic	6%	*	*
	Non-Hispanic	4%	5%	4%
Household Income	Less than \$25,000	8%	*	*
	\$25,000-\$49,999	4%	5%	3%
	\$50,000+	2%	3%	2%
Education	Less than High School, G.E.D.	8%	*	*
	High School, G.E.D.	5%	5%	5%
	Some Post-High School	3%	4%	3%
	College Graduate	2%	3%	1%
Employment Status	Employed for Wages	2%	3%	1%
	Self-employed	4%	*	*
	Unemployed	10%	*	*
	Homemaker	4%	*	*
	Student	1%	*	*
	Retired	4%	5%	3%
	Unable to Work	24%	*	*
Marital Status	Married/Unmarried Couple	4%	4%	3%
	Divorced/Separated	6%	*	*
	Widowed	4%	*	*
	Never Married	4%	*	*
Home Ownership Status	Own Home	4%	4%	3%
	Rent Home	5%	*	*
Children Status	Children in Household (Ages 18-44)	4%	*	*
	No Children in Household (Ages 18-44)	3%	*	*
Phone Status	Landline	4%	5%	4%
	Cell Phone	4%	4%	4%
Pregnancy Status	Pregnant (Ages 18-44)	0.3%	*	*
	Not Pregnant (Ages 18-44)	4%	*	*
County	Minnehaha	4%	*	*
	Pennington	3%	*	*
	Lincoln	2%	*	*
	Brown	5%	*	*
	Brookings	3%	*	*
	Codington	2%	*	*
	Meade	5%	*	*
	Lawrence	5%	*	*

Note: *Results based on small sample sizes have been suppressed.

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2013-2014