

# Alcohol Use

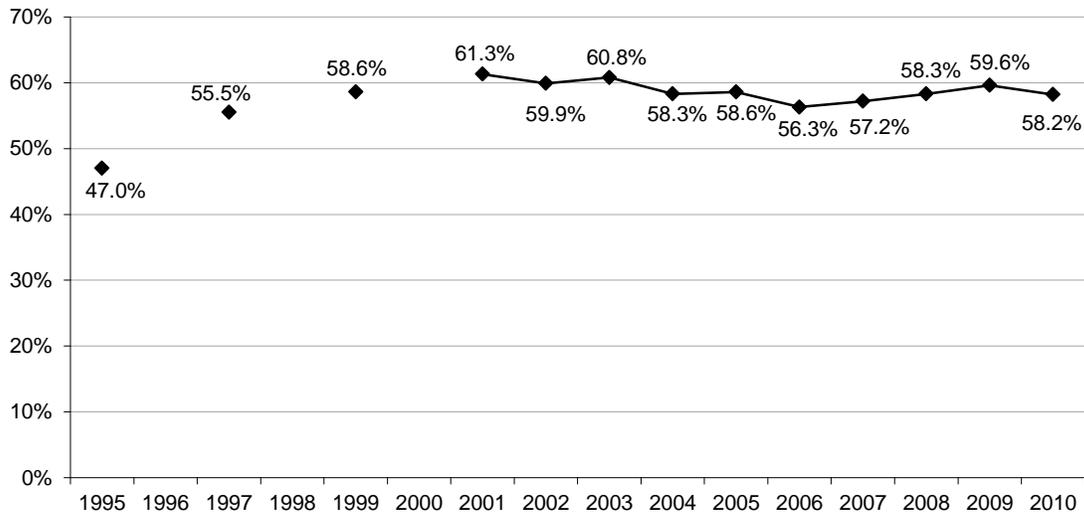
## DRANK IN PAST 30 DAYS

**Definition:** Respondents who report drinking alcohol in the past 30 days.

### Prevalence of Drinking in Past 30 Days

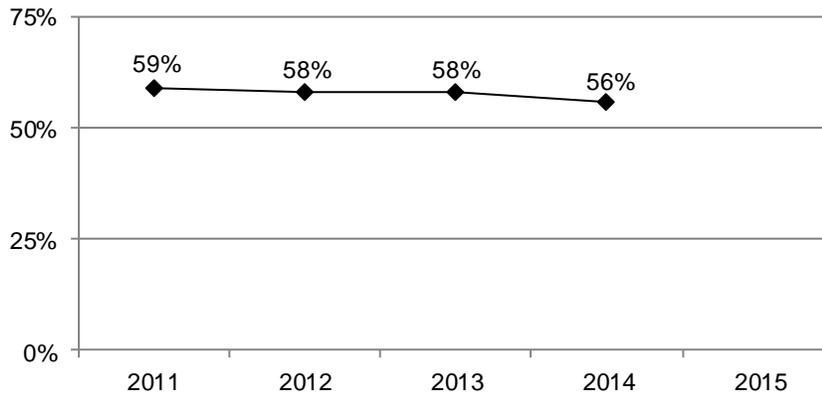
- South Dakota 56%

**Figure 82**  
**Percent of Respondents Who Drank Alcohol in the Past 30 Days, 1995, 1997, 1999, and 2001-2010**



Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 1995, 1997, 1999, and 2001-2010

**Figure 83**  
**Percent of Respondents Who Drank Alcohol in the Past 30 Days, 2011-2014**



Note: Beginning in 2011, the CDC began using a different methodology to weight the data, therefore current data estimates cannot be compared to previous years.

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2011-2014

**Table 44**  
**Respondents Who Drank Alcohol in Past 30 Days, 2011-2014**

		2011-2013	2011	2012	2013	2014
<b>Total</b>		<b>58%</b>	<b>59%</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>56%</b>
<b>Gender</b>	Male	63%	64%	64%	65%	61%
	Female	52%	54%	53%	51%	51%
<b>Age</b>	18-24	56%	*	*	*	*
	25-34	66%	*	*	*	*
	35-44	65%	*	*	*	*
	45-54	64%	*	*	*	*
	55-64	59%	55%	61%	*	*
	65-74	46%	*	*	*	*
	75+	32%	*	*	*	*
<b>Race</b>	White	59%	60%	60%	60%	58%
	American Indian	40%	*	*	*	*
<b>Ethnicity</b>	Hispanic	50%	*	*	*	*
	Non-Hispanic	58%	59%	58%	58%	56%
<b>Household Income</b>	Less than \$25,000	45%	47%	45%	*	*
	\$25,000-\$49,999	57%	57%	57%	57%	56%
	\$50,000+	72%	75%	72%	72%	71%
<b>Education</b>	Less than High School, G.E.D.	37%	*	*	*	*
	High School, G.E.D.	51%	51%	54%	53%	48%
	Some Post-High School	63%	66%	63%	62%	60%
	College Graduate	68%	69%	68%	68%	68%
<b>Employment Status</b>	Employed for Wages	65%	67%	65%	66%	64%
	Self-employed	66%	*	*	*	*
	Unemployed	48%	*	*	*	*
	Homemaker	47%	*	*	*	*
	Student	52%	*	*	*	*
	Retired	43%	41%	45%	44%	44%
	Unable to Work	28%	*	*	*	*
<b>Marital Status</b>	Married/Unmarried Couple	62%	63%	63%	61%	61%
	Divorced/Separated	55%	*	*	*	*
	Widowed	33%	*	*	*	*
	Never Married	56%	*	*	*	*
<b>Home Ownership Status</b>	Own Home	60%	61%	60%	60%	58%
	Rent Home	53%	55%	54%	*	50%
<b>Children Status</b>	Children in Household (Ages 18-44)	62%	*	64%	*	*
	No Children in Household (Ages 18-44)	65%	*	*	*	*
<b>Phone Status</b>	Landline	54%	57%	55%	51%	51%
	Cell Phone	63%	*	64%	65%	59%
<b>Pregnancy Status</b>	Pregnant (Ages 18-44)	6%	*	*	*	*
	Not Pregnant (Ages 18-44)	60%	*	*	*	*
<b>County</b>	Minnehaha	60%	*	*	*	*
	Pennington	55%	*	*	*	*
	Lincoln	62%	*	*	*	*
	Brown	60%	*	*	*	*
	Brookings	62%	*	*	*	*
	Codington	61%	*	*	*	*
	Meade	58%	*	*	*	*
	Lawrence	61%	*	*	*	*

Note: \*Results based on small sample sizes have been suppressed.

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2011-2014

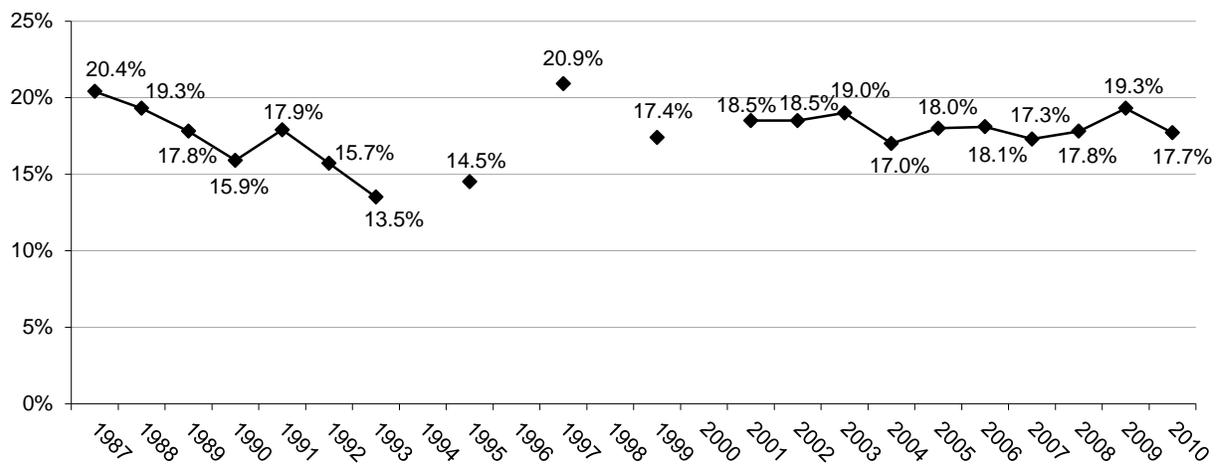
## **BINGE DRINKING**

**Definition: Male respondents who report having five or more alcoholic drinks on one occasion or female respondents who have four or more alcoholic drinks on one occasion, one or more times in the past month.**

### **Prevalence of Binge Drinking**

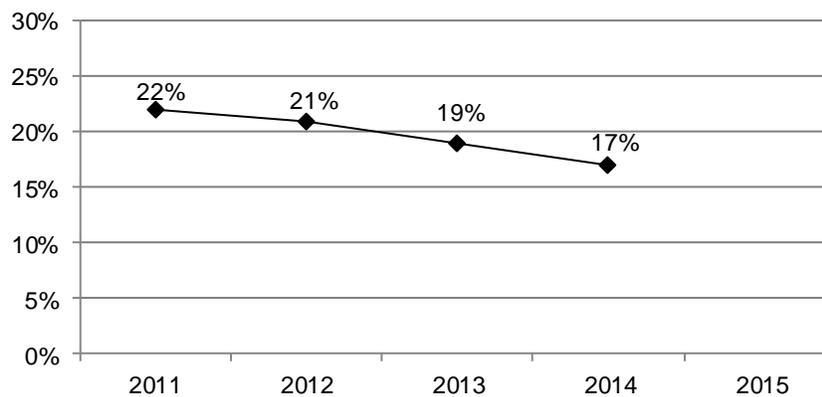
- South Dakota 17%

**Figure 84**  
**Percent of Respondents Who Engage in Binge Drinking,**  
**1987-1993, 1995, 1997, 1999, and 2001-2010**



Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 1987-1993, 1995, 1997, 1999, and 2001-2010

**Figure 85**  
**Percent of Respondents Who Engage in Binge Drinking, 2011-2014**



Note: Beginning in 2011, the CDC began using a different methodology to weight the data, therefore current data estimates cannot be compared to previous years.

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2011-2014

**Table 45**  
**Respondents Who Engage in Binge Drinking, 2011-2014**

		2011-2014	2011	2012	2013	2014
<b>Total</b>		<b>20%</b>	<b>22%</b>	<b>21%</b>	<b>19%</b>	<b>17%</b>
<b>Gender</b>	Male	26%	29%	27%	25%	23%
	Female	14%	16%	14%	14%	12%
<b>Age</b>	18-24	34%	*	*	*	*
	25-34	32%	*	*	*	*
	35-44	24%	*	*	*	*
	45-54	20%	*	*	*	*
	55-64	12%	10%	12%	*	*
	65-74	5%	*	*	*	*
	75+	2%	*	*	*	*
<b>Race</b>	White	19%	22%	20%	18%	17%
	American Indian	25%	*	*	*	*
<b>Ethnicity</b>	Hispanic	20%	*	*	*	*
	Non-Hispanic	20%	22%	20%	19%	17%
<b>Household Income</b>	Less than \$25,000	20%	21%	21%	*	*
	\$25,000-\$49,999	19%	20%	19%	20%	19%
	\$75,000+	23%	27%	24%	21%	20%
<b>Education</b>	Less than High School, G.E.D.	15%	*	*	*	*
	High School, G.E.D.	19%	20%	19%	19%	16%
	Some Post-High School	22%	26%	22%	21%	19%
	College Graduate	20%	23%	22%	18%	19%
<b>Employment Status</b>	Employed for Wages	25%	27%	25%	25%	22%
	Self-employed	22%	*	*	*	*
	Unemployed	26%	*	*	*	*
	Homemaker	11%	*	*	*	*
	Student	28%	*	*	*	*
	Retired	5%	5%	6%	3%	5%
	Unable to Work	10%	*	*	*	*
<b>Marital Status</b>	Married/Unmarried Couple	18%	20%	18%	17%	15%
	Divorced/Separated	21%	*	*	*	*
	Widowed	4%	*	*	*	*
	Never Married	31%	*	*	*	*
<b>Home Ownership Status</b>	Own Home	17%	19%	18%	15%	16%
	Rent Home	27%	30%	27%	*	22%
<b>Children Status</b>	Children in Household (Ages 18-44)	26%	*	27%	*	*
	No Children in Household (Ages 18-44)	37%	*	*	*	*
<b>Phone Status</b>	Landline	14%	19%	13%	11%	11%
	Cell Phone	28%	*	32%	28%	23%
<b>Pregnancy Status</b>	Pregnant (Ages 18-44)	2%	*	*	*	*
	Not Pregnant (Ages 18-44)	23%	*	*	*	*
<b>County</b>	Minnehaha	22%	*	*	*	*
	Pennington	15%	*	*	*	*
	Lincoln	22%	*	*	*	*
	Brown	20%	*	*	*	*
	Brookings	22%	*	*	*	*
	Codington	22%	*	*	*	*
	Meade	19%	*	*	*	*
	Lawrence	17%	*	*	*	*

Note: \*Results based on small sample sizes have been suppressed.

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2011-2014

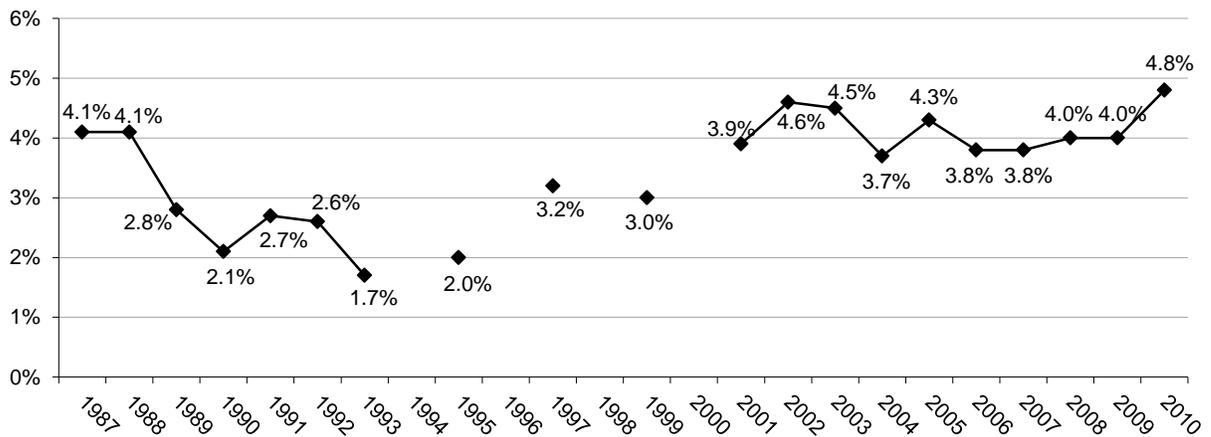
## HEAVY DRINKING

**Definition:** Male respondents who report having more than 2 drinks per day, or female respondents who report having more than 1 drink per day.

### Prevalence of Heavy Drinking

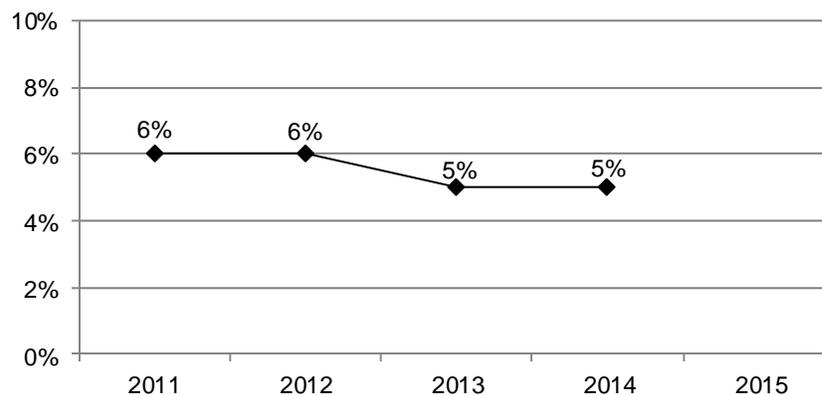
- South Dakota 5%

**Figure 86**  
**Percent of Respondents Who Engage in Heavy Drinking, 1987-1993, 1995, 1997, 1999, and 2001-2010**



Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 1987-1993, 1995, 1997, 1999, and 2001-2010

**Figure 87**  
**Percent of Respondents Who Engage in Heavy Drinking, 2011-2014**



Note: Beginning in 2011, the CDC began using a different methodology to weight the data, therefore current data estimates cannot be compared to previous years.

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2011-2014

**Table 46**  
**Respondents Who Engage in Heavy Drinking, 2011-2014**

		2011-2013	2011	2012	2013	2014
<b>Total</b>		<b>5%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>6%</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>5%</b>
<b>Gender</b>	Male	6%	7%	7%	6%	5%
	Female	5%	5%	5%	4%	5%
<b>Age</b>	18-24	8%	*	*	*	*
	25-34	6%	*	*	*	*
	35-44	5%	*	*	*	*
	45-54	7%	*	*	*	*
	55-64	5%	4%	6%	*	*
	65-74	4%	*	*	*	*
	75+	1%	*	*	*	*
<b>Race</b>	White	5%	6%	6%	5%	5%
	American Indian	6%	*	*	6%	*
<b>Ethnicity</b>	Hispanic	5%	*	*	4%	*
	Non-Hispanic	5%	6%	6%	5%	5%
<b>Household Income</b>	Less than \$25,000	6%	7%	6%	*	*
	\$25,000-\$49,999	6%	6%	7%	6%	5%
	\$50,000+	6%	6%	5%	6%	6%
<b>Education</b>	Less than High School, G.E.D.	5%	*	*	*	*
	High School, G.E.D.	6%	6%	6%	6%	5%
	Some Post-High School	6%	7%	6%	6%	5%
	College Graduate	5%	5%	6%	3%	5%
<b>Employment Status</b>	Employed for Wages	6%	6%	6%	6%	5%
	Self-employed	7%	*	*	*	*
	Unemployed	8%	*	*	*	*
	Homemaker	3%	*	*	*	*
	Student	9%	*	*	*	*
	Retired	4%	3%	5%	3%	4%
	Unable to Work	4%	*	*	*	*
<b>Marital Status</b>	Married/Unmarried Couple	4%	5%	4%	4%	4%
	Divorced/Separated	7%	*	*	*	*
	Widowed	3%	*	*	*	*
	Never Married	9%	*	*	*	*
<b>Home Ownership Status</b>	Own Home	5%	6%	5%	5%	5%
	Rent Home	6%	6%	8%	*	5%
<b>Children Status</b>	Children in Household (Ages 18-44)	5%	*	5%	*	*
	No Children in Household (Ages 18-44)	9%	*	*	*	*
<b>Phone Status</b>	Landline	4%	5%	4%	4%	3%
	Cell Phone	8%	*	9%	7%	6%
<b>Pregnancy Status</b>	Pregnant (Ages 18-44)	0.4%	*	*	*	*
	Not Pregnant (Ages 18-44)	5%	*	*	*	*
<b>County</b>	Minnehaha	6%	*	*	*	*
	Pennington	7%	*	*	*	*
	Lincoln	5%	*	*	*	*
	Brown	5%	*	*	*	*
	Brookings	8%	*	*	*	*
	Codington	6%	*	*	*	*
	Meade	8%	*	*	*	*
	Lawrence	5%	*	*	*	*

Note: \*Results based on small sample sizes have been suppressed.

Source: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, South Dakota Department of Health, 2011-2014