# Rabies surveillance, South Dakota, 2011

Rabies is an enzootic fatal viral disease and a serious public health concern in South Dakota. In 2011, 711 animals were tested for rabies with 40 animals testing positive. This is a +25% increase over the previous year. The 40 rabid animals included 28 wild animals (20 skunks, 6 bats and 2 raccoons) and 12 domestic animals (4 cats, 4 cattle, 3 dogs and 1 horse). No human rabies was reported. South Dakota's last human rabies case was in 1970.

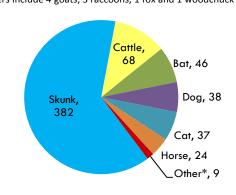
During 2011, 671 animals tested negative for rabies, including 191 cats, 167 dogs, 115 bats, 70 cattle, 41 raccoons, 21 skunks, 14 horses, 13 muskrats, 11 deer, 4 mice, 3 coyotes, 3 minks, 3 opossums, 2 fox, 2 goats, 2 pigs, 2 rats, and 1 each badger, gopher, guinea pig, moose, porcupine, squirrel and woodchuck.

During 2011 rabid animals were detected in 24 South Dakota counties (see table). Animals were submitted for testing from all but three counties. Over the past 10 years, 2002-2011, rabid animals were reported in 58 of the state's counties, with 65 of 66 counties submitting animals for testing. Over the decade 7,988 animals were tested and 604 (8%) were rabid.

During the past decade 28% of rabies cases in South Dakota have been domestic animals. There were 37 rabid cats and 38 rabid dogs, many of which were unvaccinated strays or semi-tame barn

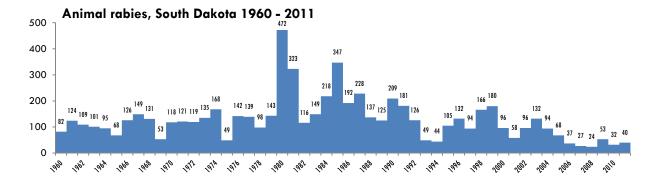
cats. Rabid livestock included 68 cattle, 24 horses and 4 goats.

Rabid animals, South Dakota 2002-2011
\*Others include 4 goats, 3 raccoons, 1 fox and 1 woodchuck



Skunks (Mephitis mephitis) are the enzootic rabies reservoir in South Dakota. Since 2002, 62% of tested skunks have been rabid. Bat rabies is also enzootic in South Dakota with 46 of 1,507 (3%) bats testing positive. Although rabies is not enzootic in other wild animals in South Dakota, during the past 10 years rabies has been detected in 3 raccoons, 1 fox and 1 woodchuck. These other animals are likely spillover infections following exposure to rabid skunks.

During the past 51 years animal rabies has been reported every year in the state. The most cases were reported in 1980 with 472 rabid animals and the fewest were reported in 2008 with 24 rabid animals.



The most recent national animal rabies surveillance data reported are for 2010 (Blanton, et. al.). Nationally, there was an 8% decrease from the previous year with 6,154 cases of animal rabies reported (92% wild and 8% domestic animals) in 2010. Nationally, rabid domestic animals included 303 cats, 71 cattle, 69 dogs, 37 horses/mules, 6 goats/sheep, and 1 pig. Wild animals testing positive for rabies included 2,246 raccoons, 1,448 skunks, 1,430 bats, 429 foxes, 29 groundhogs, 25 mongooses, 22 bobcats, 10 coyotes, 10 deer, 4 otters, 3 opossums, 2 fishers, 2 javelinas, and 1 each badaer, coati, marmot, muskrat, rabbit and squirrel.

### Animals tested and confirmed rabid cases, South Dakota 2002 - 2011

	201	11	2002 - 2011				
Animal	Positive	Total tested	Positive	Total tested	% Pos		
Skunk	20	41	382	619	62%		
Cattle	4	74	68	878	8%		
Bat	6	121	46	1 <b>,</b> 507	3%		
Dog	3	170	38	1,590	2%		
Cat	4	195	37	2,290	2%		
Horse	1	15	24	241	10%		
Goat	0	2	4	27	15%		
Raccoon	2	43	3	350	1%		
Fox	0	2	1	31	3%		
Woodchuck	0	1	1	16	6%		
Deer, elk, donkey	0	11	0	89	0%		
Squirrel, chipmunk	0	1	0	74	0%		
Rodents*	0	9	0	74	0%		
Sheep	0	0	0	45	0%		
Muskrat	0	13	0	43	0%		
Opossum	0	3	0	28	0%		
Coyote, wolf	0	3	0	26	0%		
Weasel, ferret, mink	0	3	0	22	0%		
Rabbit, hare	0	0	0	13	0%		
Pig	0	2	0	6	0%		
Badger	0	1	0	5	0%		
Shrew, mole	0	0	0	4	0%		
Bison	0	0	0	3	0%		
Mountain lion	0	0	0	3	0%		
Moose	0	1	0	1	0%		
Other animals	0	0	0	6	0%		
TOTAL	40	<i>7</i> 11	604	7,991	8%		

Nationally from 2001 through

2011, there were 29 human rabies cases, including 26 deaths and 3 survivals, which is a 90% case fatality rate. Twenty of the human cases (70%) were associated with bat-rabies virus, 6 (21%) had dog rabies virus (all foreign imports) and 1 raccoon, 1 fox and 1 unknown exposure. These 29 human rabies cases were from California (7), Texas (5), Indiana (2), Virginia (2), Wisconsin (2) and 1 case each in Arkansas, Florida, Iowa, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Oklahoma, Puerto Rico and Tennessee.





Two laboratories provide rabies tests in South Dakota: (1) the Animal Disease Research Diagnostic Laboratory (ADRDL) in Brookings, and (2) the State Public Health Laboratory (SDPHL) in Pierre. Both laboratories use the direct fluorescent antibody (DFA) technique. The case definition of a confirmed animal rabies case is a positive DFA test, performed preferably on central nervous system tissue, or isolation of the rabies virus in cell culture or in a laboratory animal. Human serum rabies antibody titers may be ordered through SDPHL.

Rabies consultations are available from the

Office of Disease Prevention, South Dakota Department of Health, 7 days a week. Consultations are based on current Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommendations\*. We strive to recommend appropriate rabies prevention measures and to minimize unnecessary and inappropriate post-exposure testing and prophylactic treatment.

## Animal Rabies Cases by County, South Dakota, 2002 - 2011

County	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
Aurora	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	7
Beadle	2	5	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	13
Bennett	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BonHomme	0	1	1	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	7
Brookings	3	4	3	6	2	2	1	1	3	1	26
Brown	11	6	7	2	5	4	2	3	0	0	40
Brule	2	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	8
Buffalo	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Butte Campbell	1 2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4
CharlesMix	5	9	4	2	0	0	0	2	1	2	25
Clark	1	2	1	2	2	3	3	2	0	0	16
Clay	i	2	0	1	3	0	0	i	0	1	9
Codington	i	ī	6	i	0	1	0	2	2	1	15
Corson	0	1	0	0	Ō	0	Ō	0	0	0	1
Custer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Davison	5	2	4	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	15
Day	6	4	3	2	1	0	2	2	2	0	22
Deuel	0	1	4	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	12
Dewey	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Douglas	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	5
Edmunds	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	5
Fall River	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Faulk	0	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	7
Grant	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	0	3	9
Gregory Haakon	4 0	1	0	2	0	0	2	1 0	0	1 0	11 0
Hamlin	3	4	4	1	2	2	2	0	4	1	23
Hand	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	6
Hanson	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	i	0	0	5
Harding	1	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	5
Hughes	Ö	4	2	3	1	Ö	Ö	î	Ö	î	12
Hutchinson	Ō	7	5	3	0	Ŏ	1	3	2	0	21
Hyde	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	4
Jackson	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Jerauld	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
Jones	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kingsbury	1	6	7	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	20
Lake	4	3	4	3	0	0	1	6	1	0	22
Lawrence	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
Lincoln	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	7
Lyman	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	3
Marshall	1	1	4	2	1	0	1	0	1	1	12
McCook	3	8	3	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	18
McPherson Meade	1 0	3	1	0	0	1	0 2	3 2	0	0	10 8
Mellette	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	3
Miner	1	5	0	0	- <del>'</del>	0	0	0	1	1	9
Minnehaha	6	6	7	5	3	0	3	4	3	5	42
Moody	3	2	2	3	1	Ö	Ö	0	0	ő	11
Pennington	2	2	0	Ō	0	Ŏ	Ŏ	2	Ö	1	7
Perkins	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Potter	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Roberts	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	6
Sanborn	6	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	12
Shannon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spink	3	2	1	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	11
Stanley	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
Sully	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Todd	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tripp	2	2	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	6	14
Turner	1	5 0	1	2	0 2	0	0	3	4	1 0	17
Union Walworth	1	3	1 2	0 2	1	1	0	0	0	0	5
Yankton	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	10 5
Ziebach	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
West River counties	13	7	3	4	3	6	4	7	1	17	65
East River counties	83	125	91	64	35	21	20	46		23	539
									31		
South Dakota	96	132	94	68	38	27	24	53	32	40	604

#### **Rabies Prevention**

## Pet rabies prevention:

- Make sure your pet dog, cat or ferret gets its rabies shot.
- Keep your pets away from wildlife so they won't be bitten by a rabid animal.
- Call your local Animal Control to take wild or stray animals away, especially if acting strangely.
- If an animal bites your pet, take them to your veterinarian so they can get a rabies booster vaccination.

## **Human rabies prevention:**

- Never touch stray, unfamiliar or wild animals, especially skunks and bats.
- Never adopt wild animals or bring them into your home.
- Keep your trash cans closed up tight and don't leave pet food out to attract skunks or raccoons.

## Addresses, telephone numbers and websites

**Department of Health** (rabies consultations)

615 East Fourth Street Pierre, SD 57501-1700

Phone: 800-592-1861 or 605-773-3737;

after hours 605-280-4810

http://doh.sd.gov/DiseaseFacts/Rabies.aspx

## Department of Health, Public Health Laboratory

(rabies testing)

615 East Fourth Street Pierre, SD 57501-1700

Phone: 800-592-1861 or 605-773-3368

http://doh.sd.gov/Lab/rabies.aspx

South Dakota Bat Working Group http://sdbwg.org

## **Animal Disease Research and Diagnostic**

Laboratory (rabies testing)

Box 2175, North Campus Drive South Dakota State University Brookings, SD 57007-1396 Phone: 605-688-5171 www.sdstate.edu/vs/adrdl

### SD Animal Industry Board (livestock and animal

veterinary and regulatory issues)

441 S. Fort Street, Pierre, SD 57501

Phone: 605-773-3321 http://aib.sd.gov

CDC Rabies: <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/rabies">www.cdc.gov/rabies</a>

#### Rabies post-exposure prophylaxis online training:

http://ideha.dhmh.maryland.gov/training/SitePages/rabies.aspx

#### References and resources

\*CDC. Human rabies prevention — United States, 2008: (ACIP). MMWR 2008; 57 (RR-3). www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/rr5703a1.htm

CDC. Compendium of animal rabies prevention and control, 2011. National Association of State Public Health Veterinarians. MMWR 2011; 60 (RR-6).

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CDC. Compendium of measures to prevent disease associated with animals in public settings, 2011: National Association of State Public Health Veterinarians. MMWR 2011; 60 (RR-4). www.cdc.gov/mmwr/pdf/rr/rr6004.pdf

Blanton, JD, D Palmer, J Dyer and CE Rupprecht. 2011. Rabies surveillance in the United States during 2010. Journal of the American Veterinary Medical Association 239: 773-783. http://avmajournals.avma.org/doi/pdf/10.2460/javma.239.6.773